TMI_195 HE(1) 02_Table_1 - Human Health COC Supplemental Screening									
Contaminant of Potential Concern (COPC)	Concentration (µg/g)				MOECC Table 2 Human Health Component Value (µg/g)				
	Waste Rock	Tailings	Baseline Soil	Maximum Concentration	S1	S2ª	S3ª	S-GW1	S/IA
Aluminum	38,665	5,000	18,552	38,665	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Antimony	-	11	-	11	7.5	63	63	NV	NV
Arsenic	92.25	46	2.9	92.25	0.95	1.3	47	NV	NV
Cadmium	22.60	5.3	1.4	22.60	0.69	7.9	7.9	NV	NV
Chromium (total)	116.30	9.6	48	116.30	28,000	240,000	240,000	NV	NV
Cobalt	338	11	9.9	338	22	250	2,500	NV	NV
Copper	190.85	81	20	191	600	5,600	5,600	NV	NV
Iron	45,270	19,000	23,674	45,270	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Lead*	2362.85	870	8.1	2,363	200 (120)	1,000 (120)	1,000 (120)	NV	NV
Mercury	0.62	0.62	0.11	0.62	9.8	67	670	550	0.25
Nickel	69.68	14	27	69.7	330	2200	510	NV	NV
Zinc	9,414.9	2,000	56	9,415	5,600	47,000	47,000	NV	NV
NOTES:	0000								

COPC Contaminants of Potential Concern (COPC) selected based on exceedance of CCME or "OMOE" criteria as shown in Tables 1 and 2 of Appendix W. Note, "OMOE" is more correctly referred to as MOECC.

MOECC Table 2 Component Values Soil Components for Table 2- Full Depth, Potable Water Scenario, coarse textured soil and residential land use

a Soil Components for Table 2- Full Depth, Potable Water Scenario, coarse textured soil and commercial/industrial land use

NV No Value insufficient toxicity and/or contaminant transport data to support pathway evaluation. Qualitative discussion only

- No value modelled

* New lead components are in the process of derivation as a new interpretation of lead toxicity has been accepted by the scientific community suggested that lead now be interpreted as a non-threshold substance as per Wilson and Richardson 2016. In the interim 120 μg/g is suggested.

S1 Direct soil contact- dermal contact and incidental ingestion- Toddler

S2 Direct soil contact- dermal contact and incidental ingestion- Outdoor Worker

S3 Direct soil contact- dermal contact and incidental ingestion- Subsurface Worker

S-GW1 Soil migrating to groundwater used for drinking water (Resident)

S-IA Soil to Indoor Air via Soil Vapour Pathway (Resident)

BOLD

Exceeds Human Health Component, Risk Management Measures or Quantitative Assessment suggested